



## **Closing Plenary Velo-City Global**

## Cycling in Europe

Presentation by Michael Cramer Taipei, March 1<sup>st</sup> 2016



### The fundamental problem in Europe...

...without a change of mobility we will not stop climate change!



# Where we want to go: the EU targets for 2020

20% reduction of greenhouse gas emissions

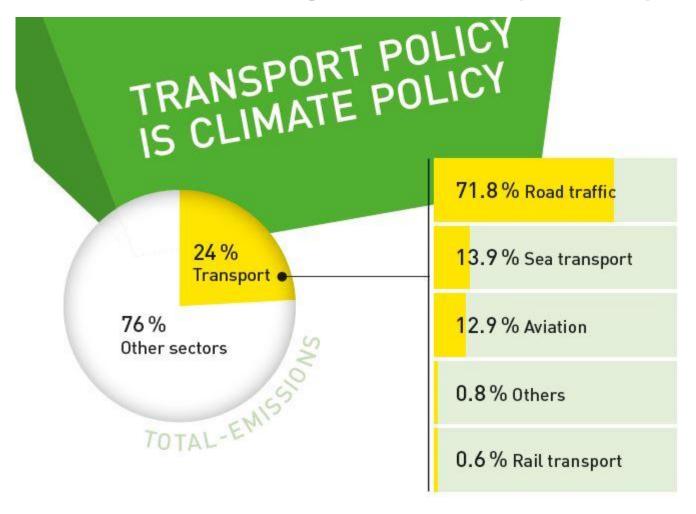
20% of EU's energy from renewable resources

20% improvement of energy efficiency





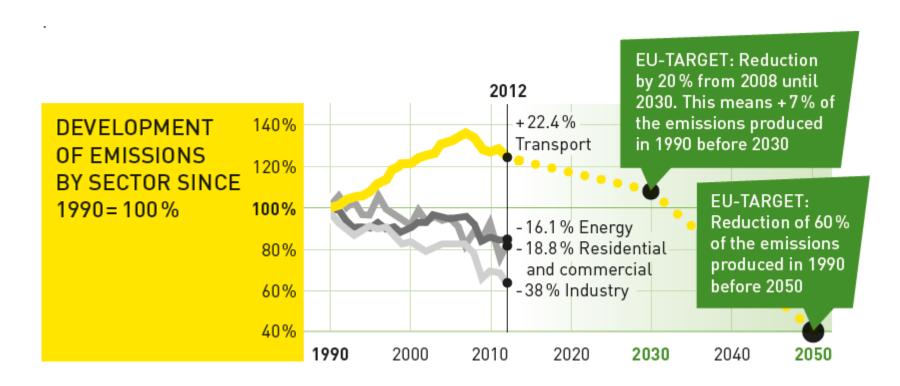
## CO2 emissions by sector (2012)







#### Evolution of EU GHG emissions and EU targets

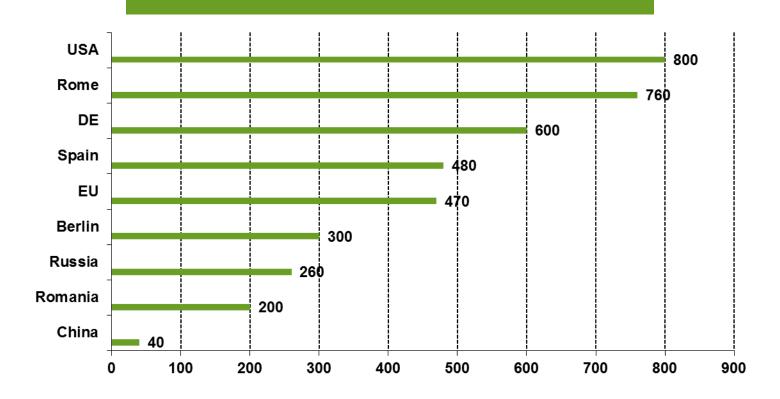






#### **Current Situation**

#### **Cars per 1000 inhabitants**





## Both - problems and solutions - are concentrated in urban areas





in **2050** 84% of the EU population will live in cities

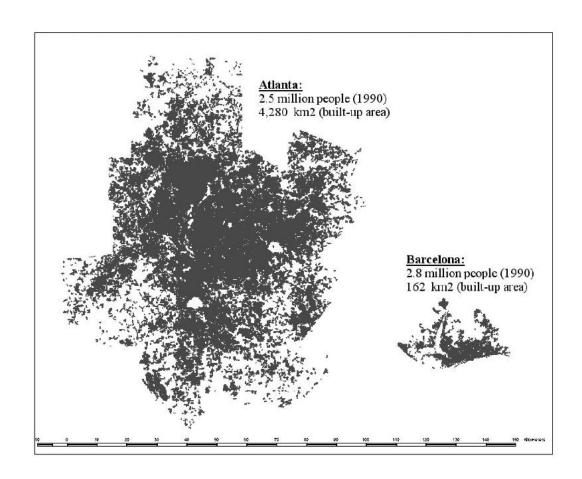
in cities, transport is responsible for:

- > 40% of all CO2 emissions
- > 70% of all emissions which are harmful to the climate

by 2060, 30% of alle EU citizens will be older than 60 years (today: 17%)



### Atlanta - Barcelona

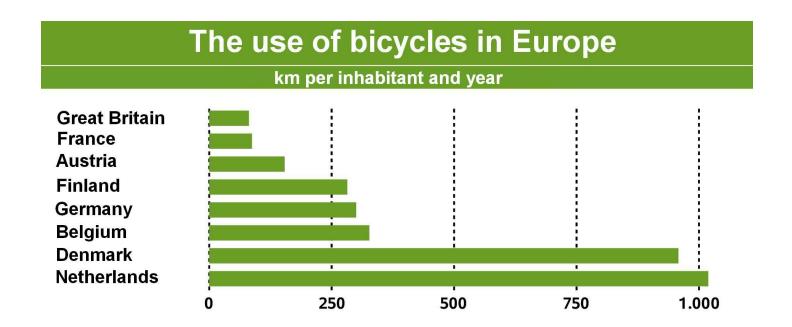


- almost the same size of population
- the area covered by Atlanta is 26 times larger





#### Intelligent alternatives



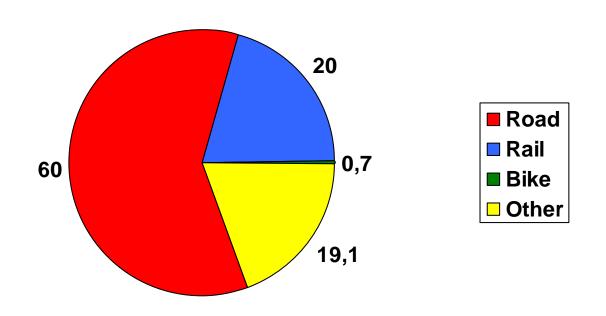
90 percent of car journeys in German cities are shorter than 6 kilometres.

Good distance for a change to rail, bus, bike and walking



#### **EU-funding**

#### Allocation of EU co-funding by mode of transport



Hungary leads the way: It uses 2% of EU funding for cycling



## EU transport ministers on cycling:

Bicycle innovation boosts jobs and growth

Cycling is an essential tool against traffic jams

 More than 1/2 of motorized cargo trips in EU cities could be shifted to (e-)cargo bikes (which can load up to 200kg)

## Cycling is very healthy

 health benefits the switch from car → bicycle outweigh risks & even those who don't practice, profit!

Non-cyclists are three times more ill than cyclists

Cyclists live five years longer than non-cyclists

## EU transport ministers on cycling:

Action plan:

Integrate cycling into multimodal transport

Develop an EU level strategic document

 Coordinate on EU-level and between member states

#### **New EU competence**

**Article § 195 of the Lisbon Treaty** 

#### **TOURISM**

(1) The Union shall complement the action of the Member States in the tourism sector [...]

To that end, Union action shall be aimed at:

- a) encouraging the creation of a favourable environment for the development of undertakings in this sector;
- b) promoting cooperation between the Member States, particularly by the exchange of good practice.



#### **Tourism policy**

#### Facts & figures

A cross-cutting sector, the 3rd largest economic activity in the EU (after Distribution and Construction)

Involves a big diversity of services and professions

Mainly dominated by SMEs

#### Socio-economic importance of tourism:

- 5% of the EU GDP
- 5.2% of the total labour force
- 9.7 million jobs

#### But with the related sectors:

- 10% of the EU GDP
- 12% of the total labour force
- 24 million jobs



#### **Tourism policy**

### **Economic Facts about Bicycle Tourism**

- Since some decades an increase of 20% per year
- The amount per year is 44 Billion Euros like cruise ships
- More jobs than in the steel and coal production
- Bicycle tourists spend more money a day (35 €) than car tourists (10 €)
- therefore it is a support for the local economy



#### **Tourism policy**

### **Bicycle Tourism**

- Investement costs for bicycle infrastructure are low while benefits are high
- Finnish study (Helsinki): For one invested Euro, the return is eight (!)
- "Home Stay" for less populated regions
- Combining ski trails in winter with bike trails in summer
- Example of the Danube cycle route after signposting: increase from 500 cycle tourists in 2006 to 13 000 in 2012





- Atlantic Coast Route
- 2. Capitals Route
- 3. Pilgrims Route
- 4. Central Europe Route
- 5. Via Romea Francigena Route
- 6. Rivers Route
- 7. Sun Route
- 8. Mediterranean Route
- 9. Amber Route
- 10. Hansa Circuit
- 11. East Europe Route
- 12. North Sea Cycle Route
- 13. Iron Curtain Trail
- 15. Rhine Route



#### A ride through European History



- . from the Barents Sea to the Black Sea
- along the Western border of the former
  Warsaw Pact states
- 10,000 kilometers
- through 20 countries, with Croatia15 are now EU Member States



#### A European project

"The Iron Curtain Trail should be supported as an example of Soft Mobility and as a symbol of the reunification of Europe."

European Parliament resolution from 8th of September 2005 on new prospects and new challenges for sustainable European tourism



#### The route

- as close as possible to the former border
- as comfortable as possible
- avoiding highly frequented roads
- frequently crossing the former border
- integrating numerous historic monuments



The route is still a "work in progress" on the basis of the above mentioned principles!



#### The model: the "Berlin Wall Trail"



160 km around former West-Berlin







#### The Brandenburg Gate 1961 / 1989







## The European Cycle Route Network EuroVelo (2012/ Update)



- Study evaluates the challenges and opportunities for cycle tourism in Europe
- "Iron Curtain Trail" is expressly mentioned
- history as the only potential for tourism in remote regions
- Available on the European Parliament website at:

http://gruenlink.de/dqf



### Thank you for your attention!



Find out more on

www.ironcurtaintrail.eu

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